

Bondal-Orlov's reconstruction theorem in noncommutative projective geometry

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Research Interests:

- **Noncommutative Algebraic Geometry (NC AG)**
/Generalized complex geometry (GCG)
- Moduli spaces of sheaves, Derived categories
- Calabi-Yau manifolds, Mirror symmetry

Hello!

こんにちは！

(“kon-ni-chi-wa”)

A Quick Introduction to NC Proj Geometry

- $k = \bar{k}$.
- $R = \bigoplus_{i \in \mathbb{N}} R_i$: commutative \mathbb{N} -gr k -alg with $R_0 = k$
- $\text{qgr}(R) = \text{gr}(R)/\text{tor}(R)$: quotient category.

Theorem (Gabriel '62)

X, Y : noeth schs.

Then,

$$\text{Coh}(X) \simeq \text{Coh}(Y) \Rightarrow X \simeq Y.$$

Theorem (Serre '55)

Assume that R is generated by R_1 as a k -alg.

Then,

$$\text{Coh}(\text{Proj}(R)) \simeq \text{qgr}(R).$$

Important

- **$\text{qgr}(R)$ characterizes $\text{Proj}(R)$!**
- **qgr can also be defined for noncommutative graded rings!**

A Recent Result

Theorem (Bondal-Orlov '01)

X, Y : smooth proj vars over k .

Assume that the canonical bundles of X, Y are (anti-)ample.

Then,

$$D^b(\text{Coh}(X)) \simeq D^b(\text{Coh}(Y)) \Rightarrow X \simeq Y.$$

- $A = \bigoplus_{i \in \mathbb{N}} A_i$: noetherian \mathbb{N} -gr k -alg with $A_0 = k$.
- $\text{qgr}(A) = \text{gr}(A) / \text{tor}(A)$: the **NC proj scheme** associated with A .

Theorem (M '24)

Assume a condition (\exists balanced dualizing complexes of A, B).

If “the canonical bundles” of $\text{qgr}(A), \text{qgr}(B)$ are “(anti-)ample”, then

Bondal-Orlov reconstruction holds for NC proj schs:

$$D^b(\text{qgr}(A)) \simeq D^b(\text{qgr}(B)) \Rightarrow \text{qgr}(A) \simeq \text{qgr}(B).$$

Question

What about the case of NC proj Calabi-Yau mfd?

Rmk

In previous works, Kanazawa and I provided examples of NC CY mfd as NC analogues of hypersurfaces of weighted proj sps.

Thank you for your attention!